

The Israel National Cyber Directorate in collaboration with The Cyber Law Program at the Cyber Security Research Center (H-CSRCL), the Israel Tech Policy Institute and the Israel Democracy Institute invites you to a conference on:

# The Challenges of Cyber Security Legislation – On the New Draft Cybersecurity Law November 25, 2018

The Israel Democracy Institute, 4 Pinsker Street, Jerusalem

The Israel National Cyber Directorate in collaboration with the Hebrew University Cyber Law Center, the Israel Democracy Institute and the Tech Policy Institute will hold an international workshop on legal frameworks to promote cybersecurity.

The workshop will include government representatives from Israel, US, EU, from private practice and academy.

## Background on the draft law

This bill is part of Israel's domestic cybersecurity strategy setting up a new national body to deal with cyber attacks. The bill aims to define the INCD's powers to deal with cyber attacks, whilst distinguishing it from law enforcement or other national security authorities.

The INCD today operates the Israeli National CERT, and in this sense the bill is similar to the EU NIS directive. The national CERT today conducts incident response, early warning and information sharing activities, aims at locating and mitigating attacks. During the infamous Wannacry event the INCD coordinated mitigation efforts in Israel (as well as proactive activities taken before the attack happened through repeated security bulletins as to the underlying vulnerability). In this context the mission of the INCD is to secure computers and networks and collect information about attacks and vulnerabilities (and not people).

The bill sets up the national cybersecurity regulatory scheme, defining the INCD as the national regulatory cybersecurity standard setter, and defining the relationship between the INCD and sector specific regulators. It complements regulation of Critical Information Infrastructures (such as the Israeli Electric Company), already conducted in Israel under legislation from 2003.

It should be stressed that as part of the Israeli strategy the INCD will not be empowered to conduct criminal investigations, and the draft bill does not aim to affect existing law enforcement or national security powers. The INCD is not and will not be tasked with collecting PII as such, set up databases about individuals, investigate suspects or follow them, deal with cybercrime or collect digital evidence. These tasks of collecting information and intelligence for national security or law enforcement are regulated under different and existing legislation.

## Agenda

**16:30-17:00** Coffee Brake

**17:00-18:30** **Public Discussion –  
Promoting Cybersecurity  
and the Law**

Moderator: **Tehilla Shwartz  
Altshuler**, Hebrew University  
of Jerusalem and the Israel  
Democracy Institute

Please register [here](https://goo.gl/forms/Ys8UZpIWZqWrIONi3) (<https://goo.gl/forms/Ys8UZpIWZqWrIONi3>)